

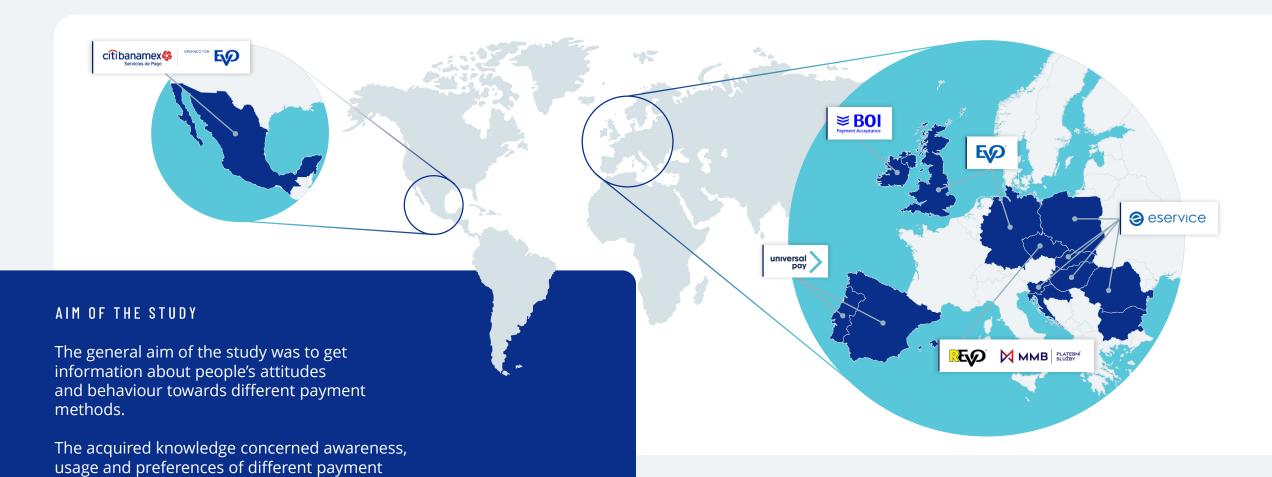


INTERNATIONAL SURVEY - MAY 2022



methods (both online and offline).

#### THE AIM OF THE STUDY







#### ABOUT THE STUDY

#### RESPONDENTS

**Representative sample** of each country's population aged 18-65.

PERIOD OF THE STUDY March 2022





#### RESEARCH METHOD

The study was conducted using CAWI methodology - respondents were invited to take part in an internet survey.

#### COUNTRIES IN THE STUDY AND SAMPLE SIZES

POLANI

SLOVAKIA











600

IRELAND

1 RELAND



PORTUGAL



### **E**

#### KEY FINDINGS



3/5

Poles **prefer electronic payments** to cash while shopping offline. In case of online payments, the choice of electronic methods is natural – only a few (9%) decided to pay cash on delivery during the last online purchase.



6/10

use digital wallets and mobile payment apps.

This is due to the great popularity of payments with codes generated in a mobile app.



MORE THAN

appreciate electronic payments
for the comfort they provide

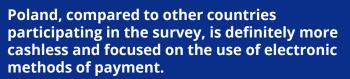


3/10

OTHER COUNTRIES

have no problems with card payment

- it is always available when they need it



Poles are more likely to choose electronic methods and less often complain about the availability of these forms of payment. In most places, they can easily pay by card, with a phone or other devices, whenever they need it.



4/5

Poles use traditional bank transfers, but most of them do it no more than 2-3 times a month.



# .02

### ATTITUDES TOWARDS MONEY



### **E**

#### ATTITUDES TOWARDS MONEY

The basic module of our research on Attitudes Towards Payment Methods is a standardized psychological tool created by Professor Grażyna Wąsowicz, who specializes in the field of economic psychology, in particular the psychology of money.

The Money Relationship Questionnaire (KSP-33) (Wąsowicz-Kiryło, 2013) is a standardized tool with proven reliability and validity. It consists of 33 statements that allow measurement on 9 scales.

## THREE SCALES MEASURE ATTITUDES TOWARDS MONEY



#### CONTROL

behaviour related to money control, no difficulties with saving and controlling expenses



#### **MEANS**

perceiving money as a means of realizing values, ensuring a sense of independence and freedom of choice



#### **PLEASURE**

the pleasure of carrying out activities related to money: thinking about money, dealing with it, talking about it

## THE NEXT 6 SCALES ARE USED TO MEASURE COGNITIVE-BEHAVIOURAL FINANCIAL COMPETENCES, DIVIDED INTO TWO GROUPS:

2A. THE FIRST GROUP IS CONVICTIONS REGARDING:



#### **INVESTMENT**

beliefs about the need and importance of investing money, perceiving investing as an important element of managing money well



#### **INSURANCE**

convictions about insuring yourself and your property (needed or unnecessary)



#### USING BANKING SERVICES

attitudes about the use of banking services, treating them as a good way to manage money

#### 2B. THE SECOND GROUP IS BEHAVIOURS RELATED TO MONEY:



#### **MANAGEMENT**

behaviours that are associated with expanding knowledge about finances and having appropriate knowledge to increase wealth



#### **ACCOUNTING**

related to planning and control of the expenditure plan



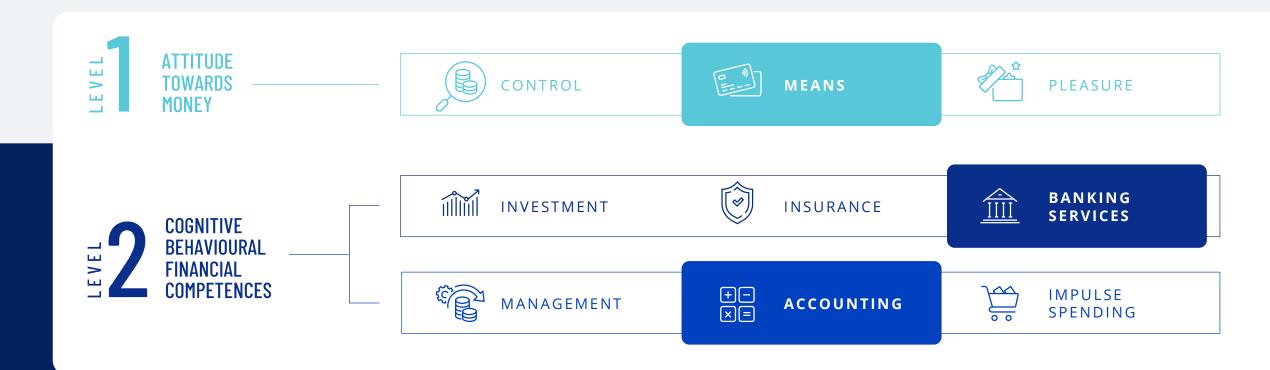
#### SPENDING IMPULSIVELY

without reflection or making financial plans











For Poles, money is a means of realizing values, ensuring a sense of independence and freedom of choice. They believe that using Banking Services is a great way to manage their money.

They control and plan their expenses, but without clearly focusing on increasing wealth – the Accounting behaviour dominates.

**ATTITUDE** 

from 0 to 5.

The results presented represent the mean value for each indicator.



**POLAND - 14,8 V** 

OTHER COUNTRIES - 15,5

Poles perform weaker money control than residents of other countries participating in the survey.



**POLAND - 16,8 A** 

OTHER COUNTRIES - 16,1

The dominant component of attitude towards money is treating it as a Means of realizing values, ensuring a sense of independence and freedom of choice



POLAND - 14,2 ▲

OTHER COUNTRIES - 13,1

In Poland, the Pleasure that comes from dealing with money is also stronger.







COGNITIVE **BEHAVIOURAL FINANCIAL COMPETENCES** 

In The Money Relationship Questionnaire (KSP-33), each respondent was asked to respond to all statements on a 6-point scale from 0 to 5.

The results for each indicator on the level of Attitudes Towards Money range from 0 to 25 points, and for indicators from the level of Cognitive Behavioural Financial Competences from 0 up to 15 points.

The results presented represent the mean value for each indicator.

INVESTMENT	POLAND - 8,6 OTHER COUNTRIES - 8,5	Beliefs about investing money in Poland do not differ from other countries.
INSURANCE	POLAND - 7,2 A  OTHER COUNTRIES - 6,7	Poles are more convinced that Insurance is important and necessary, both for them and for their property.
BANKING SERVICES	POLAND - 10,1 ▲  OTHER COUNTRIES - 8,6	Compared to other countries, the use of and trust in Banking Services are very high in Poland. Poles treat them as a good way to manage money.







#### COGNITIVE **BEHAVIOURAL FINANCIAL COMPETENCES**

In The Money Relationship Questionnaire (KSP-33), each respondent was asked to respond to all statements on a 6-point scale from 0 to 5.

The results for each indicator on the level of Attitudes Towards Money range from 0 to 25 points, and for indicators from the level of Cognitive Behavioural Financial Competences from 0 up to 15 points.

The results presented represent the mean value for each indicator.







### **E**

#### POLES AND ATTITUDES TOWARDS MONEY



For Poles, treating money as a means of realizing value is the strongest among the main components of attitudes towards money

- In their opinion, money provides a sense of independence
- Money enables a comfortable life
- Poles control their expenses, but often based on the simple principle of not spending money impulsively
- Poles have moderately positive beliefs about investing, but they are unlikely to invest their money



#### POLAND

capital city: **Warsaw** currency: **Polish zloty** population: **37,95 million** 





# .03

# PAYMENT METHODS AWARENESS AND USAGE





#### AWARENESS OF **DIFFERENT FORMS OF PAYMENT**

WHAT METHODS/TYPES OF PAYMENTS DO YOU KNOW OF, EVEN IF YOU HAVE **ONLY HEARD ABOUT THEM?** 

Cash, card and bank transfer are payment methods known to almost all Poles.

Poles mention spontaneously most often such forms of payment as: plastic cards (75%) and payments with codes generated in a mobile app (72%), that come to their minds more often than traditional cash.

At the same time, digital wallets and other applications are not as well known as in other countries, especially at the level of spontaneous awareness (21% in Poland vs. 44% in other countries).



vs. 78% other countries

vs. 63% other countries

PLASTIC PAYMENT CARD e.g. credit, debit, Visa



SPONTANEOUS AWARENESS

CASH



vs. 23% other countries

CONTACTLESS PAYMENTS USING A MOBILE PHONE, SMARTWATCH OR OTHER DEVICES





vs. 98% other countries

CASH



AIDED AWARENESS



vs. 97% other countries

PLASTIC PAYMENT CARD e.g. credit, debit



vs. 96% other countries

TRADITIONAL BANK TRANSFER with entering account numer, etc.

#### METHODS SPECIFIC FOR GIVEN COUNTRY

METHODS SPECIFIC FOR GIVEN COUNTRY -

BLIK 95%

#### INTERESTING FACT

DIGITAL WALLETS AND OTHER APPLICATIONS

**21**% ▼

44%

DIGITAL WALLETS - FOR ONLINE PAYMENTS

89% ▼ 94%



OTHER COUNTRIES

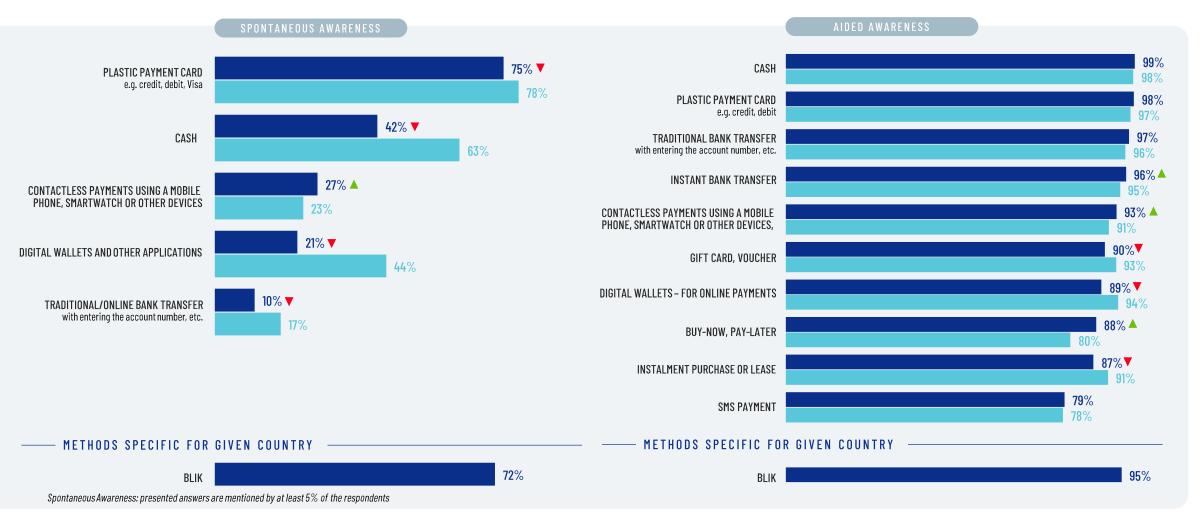






#### AWARENESS OF **DIFFERENT FORMS OF PAYMENT**

#### WHAT METHODS/TYPES OF PAYMENTS DO YOU KNOW OF, EVEN IF YOU HAVE ONLY HEARD ABOUT THEM?







Percentage of people who indicated that

they do not use a given

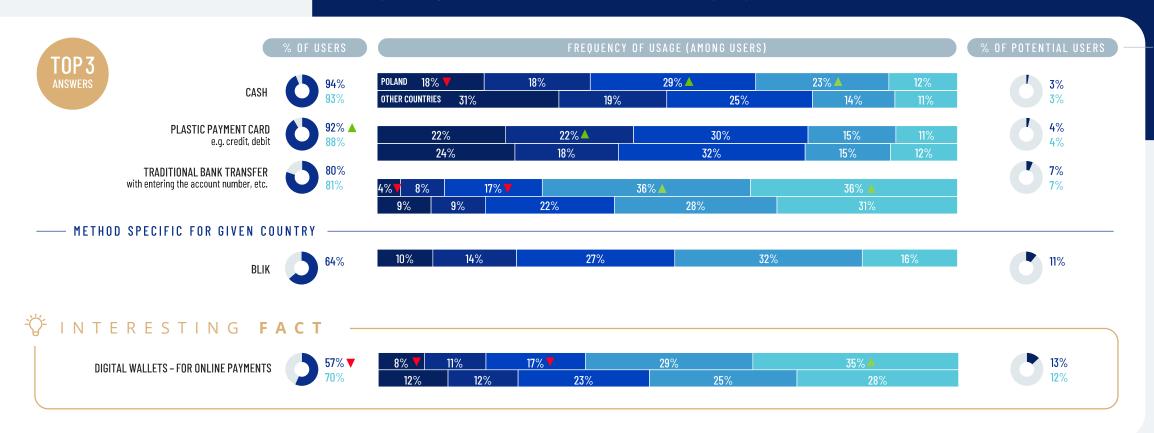
but plan to start using it in the future

payment method,

#### FREQUENCY OF USAGE OF **DIFFERENT FORMS OF PAYMENT**

WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING FORMS OF PAYMENT DO YOU USE, HOW OFTEN?

Payment methods used most frequently in Poland are: cash, plastic payment card and traditional bank transfer. However, Poles use cash and bank transfers less often than the citizens of other countries. 2/3 of Poles have used payments with codes generated in a mobile app, and every second user of this form of payment uses it at least 2-3 times a week. Because this application is the most frequently chosen one in Poland, digital wallets have a much lower percentage of users who choose them with lower frequency than in other countries.



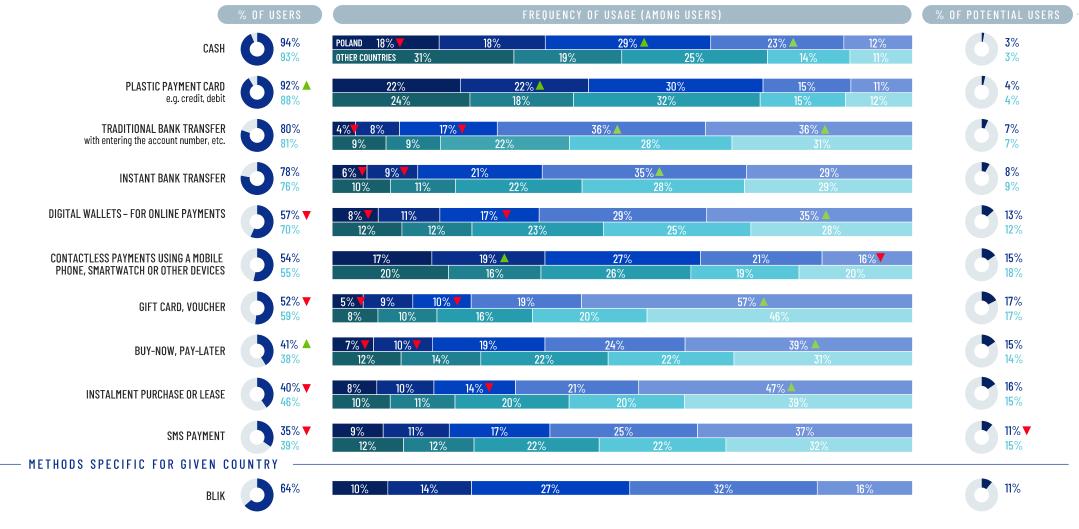
eservice



who indicated that they do not use a given

#### FREQUENCY OF USAGE OF **DIFFERENT FORMS OF PAYMENT**

#### WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING FORMS OF PAYMENT DO YOU USE, HOW OFTEN?



eservice

VISA











# MOST FREQUENTLY USED FORMS OF PAYMENT AND REASONS FOR CHOOSING THEM

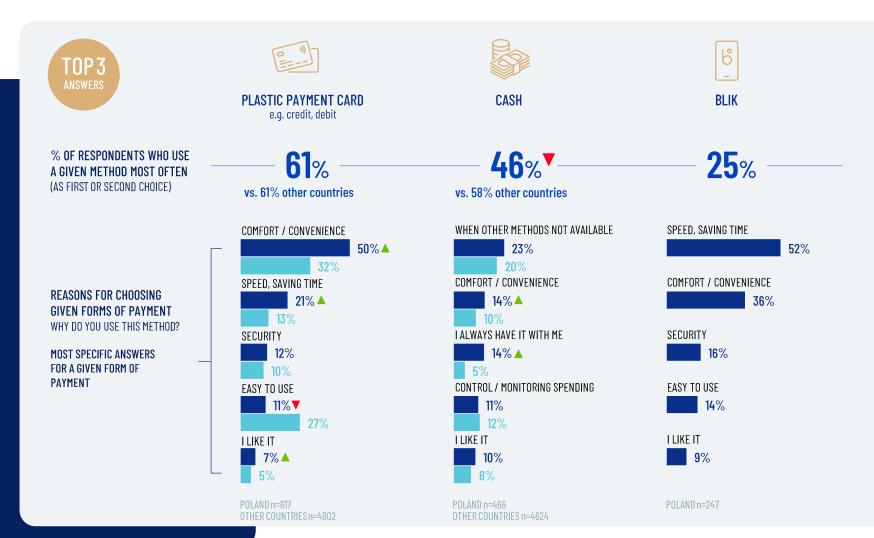
Poles pay most often using a plastic card or cash. The choice of a card payment is more frequent (61% vs. 46% for cash). This proportion is slightly different from that observed in other countries, where cash (58%) is indicated as often as card (61%).

Payment by card is convenient and allows you to save time. Cash is often used when other payment methods are not available.

Payments with codes generated in a mobile app are the third most frequently used payment method, chosen by 1/4 of people in Poland. It is appreciated primarily for the speed, time economy and comfort it provides.



BECAUSE IT IS OUICK AND CONVENIENT





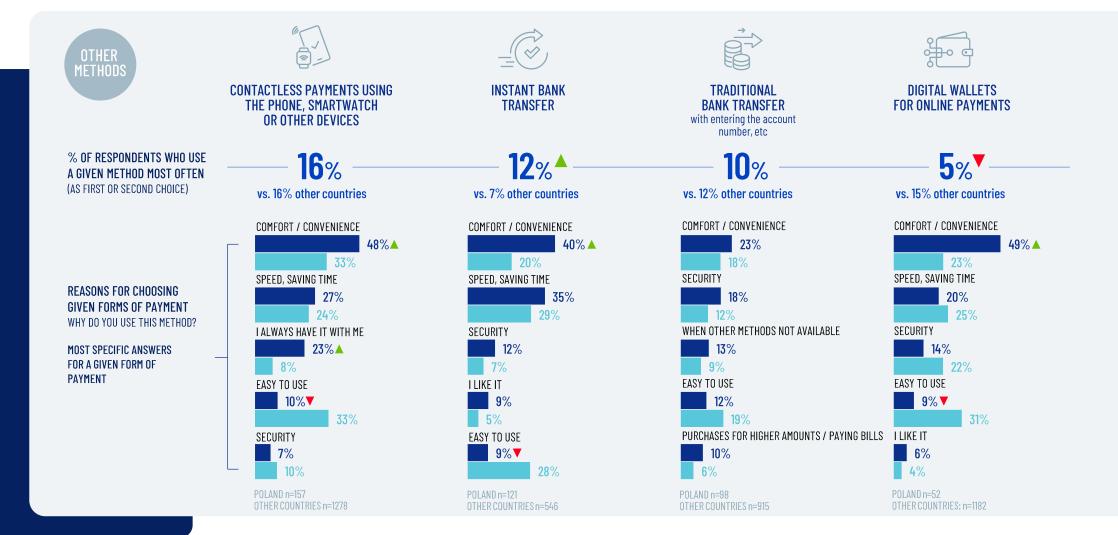








# MOST FREQUENTLY USED FORMS OF PAYMENT AND REASONS FOR CHOOSING THEM











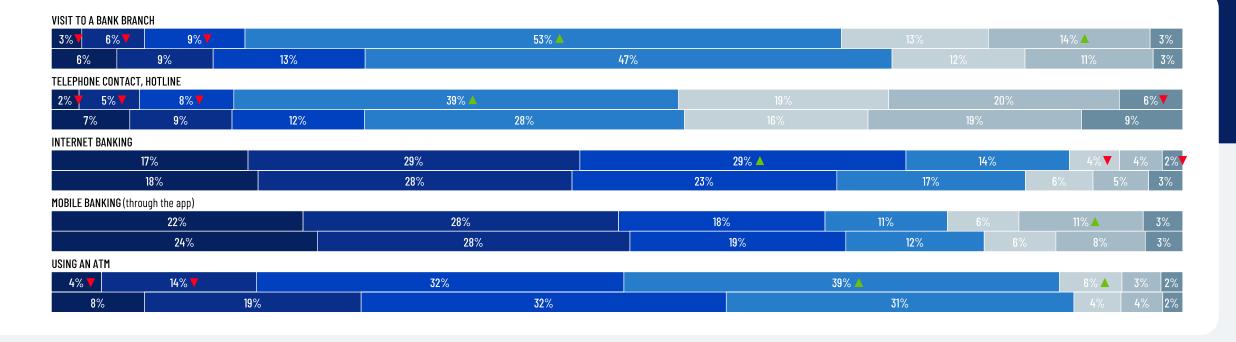
#### BANKING



75% USE INTERNET BANKING
AT LEAST 2-3 TIMES PER MONTH

11% DON'T PLAN TO USE MOBILE BANKING IN THE FUTURE

WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING CHANNELS OF BANKING DO YOU USE, HOW OFTEN? ATMs, Internet and mobile banking are the most popular channels of banking in Poland. Although the general use of ATMs is similar, Poles do it less frequently - only 18% withdraw money at least 2-3 times a week (in other countries 27%). People in Poland contact the bank by phone and visit the bank's branches less often than people in other countries. 45% of them have never called their bank's hotline.











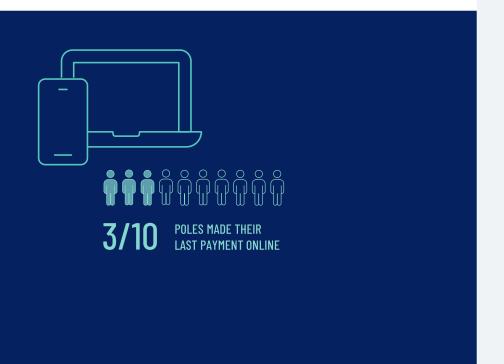
# .04

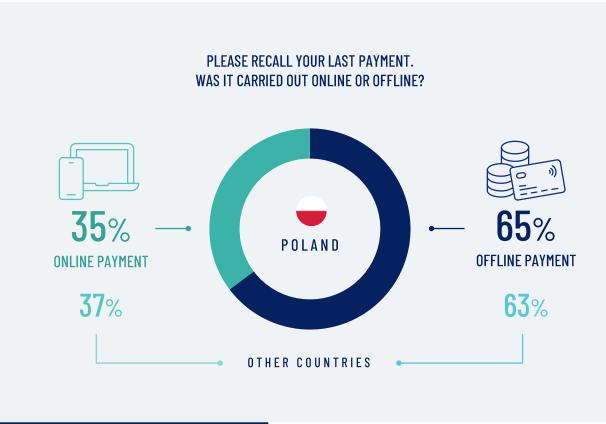
# PAYMENT METHODS MY LAST PURCHASE





#### LAST PAYMENT - ONLINE OR OFFLINE?





#### LAST ONLINE PAYMENT - TYPES



1/3 POLES MADE THEIR LAST PAYMENT ONLINE

During their last payment online, they most often used payments with codes generated in a mobile app. Payment card or instant bank transfer ranked second. Payment by card is much less popular in Poland than in other countries. On the other hand, instant bank transfers are chosen more often. Digital wallets play a relatively minor role in online payments in Poland – recently only 6% of Poles chose them vs. 20% of residents of other countries.







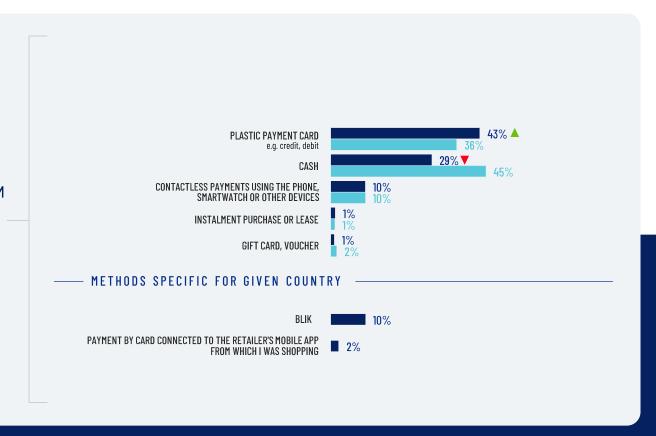




#### LAST OFFLINE PAYMENT - TYPES



WHICH PAYMENT FORM DID YOU USE DURING YOUR LAST OFFLINE **PAYMENT?** 



65% POLES MADE THEIR LAST PAYMENT OFFLINE

They primarily used a plastic payment card, followed by cash – this order is opposite to that observed in other countries where cash was chosen more often than a card.

Payment with a code generated in a mobile app was used by 10% of people during the last offline payment. Only 2% of Poles paid for offline purchase by card connected to a retailer's mobile app.



# .05

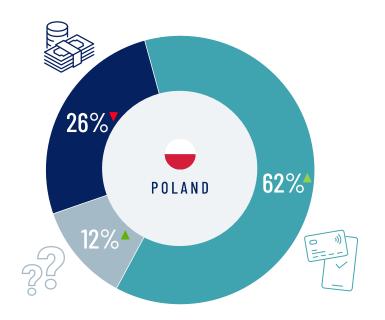
# PAYMENT METHODS PREFERENCES ——

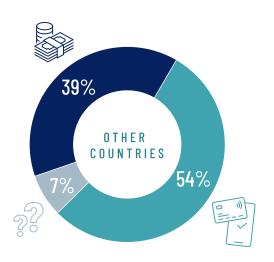




#### PREFERRED METHOD OF PAYMENT WHILE SHOPPING OFFLINE

WITH REGARD TO ALL SITUATIONS WHERE YOU MAKE PAYMENTS WHILE SHOPPING OFFLINE (TRADITIONAL SHOP/SALES POINT), WHICH IS YOUR PREFERRED METHOD?







62% OF POLES PREFER ELECTRONIC PAYMENT TO CASH WHILE SHOPPING OFFLINE

More than 6 out of 10 Poles prefer using electronic payments to cash.

At the same time, only 26% of people in Poland choose cash - this is markedly less than in other countries, where this percentage is 39%.





#### AMOUNT VS PREFERRED PAYMENT METHOD



While paying up to 10 PLN, 4 out of 10 Poles choose cash. In case of higher expenses, the preference for cash drops sharply. On the other hand, the amounts of more than 200 PLN would be paid using electronic methods by half of Poles.

The visible trend is that the higher the price, the larger group of those who prefer electronic payments. However, even in the case of the highest amounts above 1000 PLN, almost 1/3 of Poles are undecided and would sometimes choose cash, and sometimes an electronic form of payment.

#### WHICH METHOD OF PAYMENT WOULD YOU CHOOSE IF SOMETHING COST:

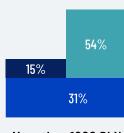
40% POLAND 36% Less than 10 PLN











More than 1000 PLN





SOMETIMES CASH, SOMETIMES ELECTRONIC PAYMENTS.







#### PREFERRED METHODS OF PAYMENT WHILE SHOPPING OFFLINE IN DIFFERENT SITUATIONS (1/3)



Poles pay using electronic methods for most products and services more often than in other countries, and they use cash less frequently.

Every second person buying at a petrol station, buying software or games, or paying for accommodation uses electronic payments, and only 15-18% use cash in these situations.

Electronic payments are also more popular in Poland than in other countries when people pay for groceries, in restaurants, at the doctor's, for hairdressers and beauticians and for public transport tickets.

#### WHICH PAYMENT METHOD WOULD YOU BE MORE LIKELY TO CHOOSE IN THESE SITUATIONS:

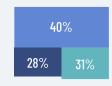
39% POLAND 19% 42%



**GROCERY SHOPPING** IN SHOPS (offline - traditional shops/

sales points)

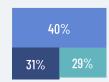
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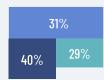
**PAYING AT** A RESTAURANT/BAR/ CLUB/FAST FOOD

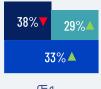






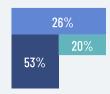
GOING TO THE DOCTOR/DENTIST/ PHYSIOTHERAPIST







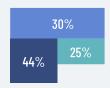
GOING TO THE HAIRDRESSER/ BARBER/ BEAUTICIAN







**BUYING PUBLIC** TRANSPORT TICKETS (bus, tram)







PAYING FOR SOFTWARE / FLECTRONIC GAMES

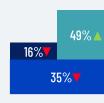






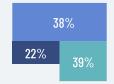
PAYING AT A HOTEL/ FOR ACCOMMODATION

















SOMETIMES CASH, SOMETIMES ELECTRONIC PAYMENTS









#### PREFERRED METHODS OF PAYMENT WHILE SHOPPING OFFLINE IN DIFFERENT SITUATIONS (2/3)



**58**% PAY IN CASH AT MARKETS AND BAZAARS

Poles also choose electronic methods more often when paying for cinema, theatre or other entertainment – 43% vs. 30% in other countries.

They also settle parking fees less often in cash (34% vs. 45% in other countries).

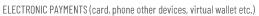
On the other hand, a similar tendency in all countries is to choose cash when shopping at markets and bazaars – 58% pay in this way when shopping at such venues.

#### WHICH PAYMENT METHOD WOULD YOU BE MORE LIKELY TO CHOOSE IN THESE SITUATIONS:

















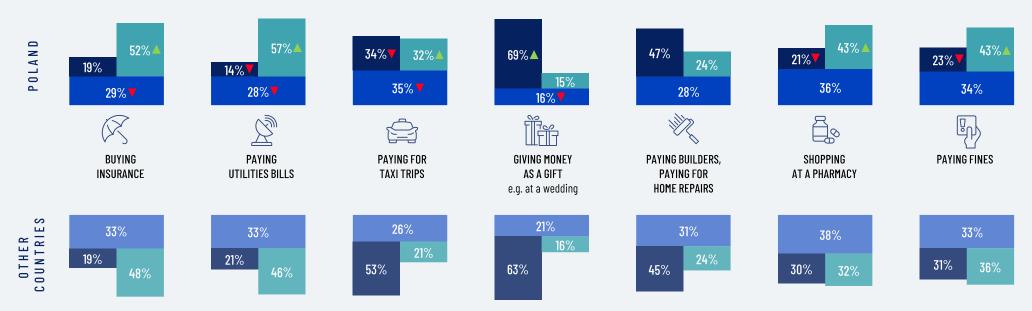


#### PREFERRED METHODS OF PAYMENT WHILE SHOPPING OFFLINE IN DIFFERENT SITUATIONS (3/3)



Cash is also used when Poles give gifts and pay builders for home repairs. Digital payments are chosen more often when buying insurance, paying bills, shopping at a pharmacy and paying fines. In Poland, taxi fares are settled less often in cash. In this situation people use electronic payments more often- 32% vs. 21% in other countries.

#### WHICH PAYMENT METHOD WOULD YOU BE MORE LIKELY TO CHOOSE IN THESE SITUATIONS:











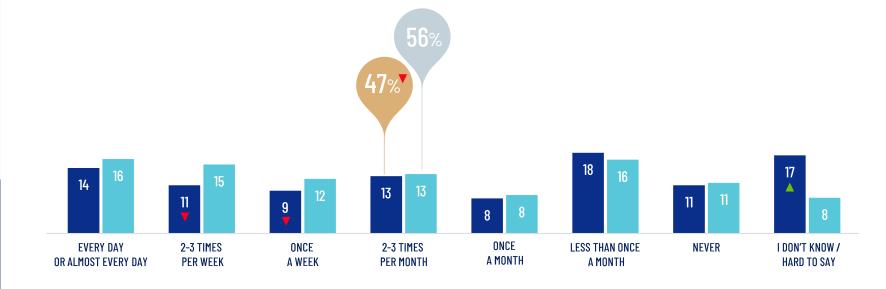
## FREQUENCY OF SITUATIONS IN WHICH POLES PREFERRED CASH PAYMENTS

Although Poles generally prefer to pay using electronic methods, there are still situations when they are determined to use cash, even though they could pay in a different way. 1/4 choose to pay in cash at least 2-3 times per week, although they could pay using other methods. However, this percentage is lower than in other countries where cash preferences are stronger.

At the same time, 17% of Poles cannot specify how often this situation occurs in their case this result is significantly higher than in other countries, where it is only 8%.



#### HOW OFTEN ARE YOU IN A SITUATION WHERE YOU HAVE SEVERAL PAYMENT CHOICES BUT WANT TO PAY IN CASH?















# .06

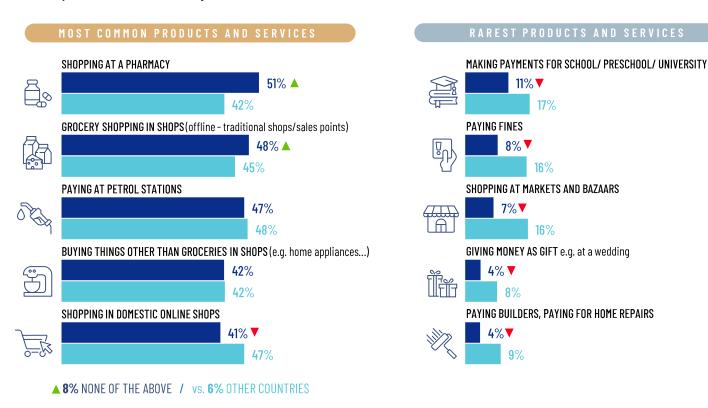
### DIGITAL PAYMENTS





#### PRODUCTS AND SERVICES FOR WHICH POLES PAY USING CASH-FREE METHODS

WHICH OF THESE GROUPS OF PRODUCTS AND SERVICES DO YOU ALWAYS OR ALMOST ALWAYS PAY FOR USING CASH-FREE METHODS (card, phone, smartwatch or any other device, virtual wallet etc.):



Poles use electronic payments most often when shopping at a pharmacy and for groceries significantly more often than in other countries, and at petrol stations.

Situations in which they usually do not choose electronic methods are: paying builders and for home repairs, giving money as gift, shopping at markets and bazaars and paying fines.

POLES USE ELECTRONIC PAYMENTS WHEN SHOPPING AT A PHARMACY

ONLY THIS PERCENTAGE OF PEOPLE IN POLAND DO NOT USE ELECTRONIC PAYMENTS IN ANY SITUATION



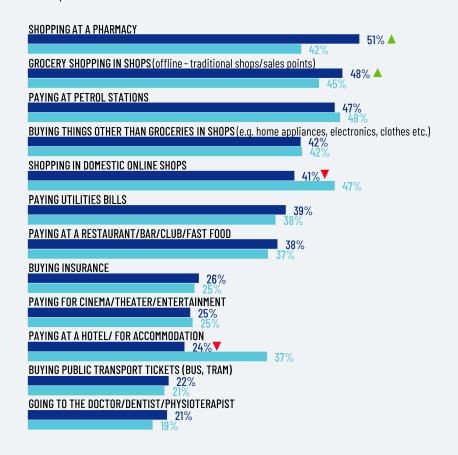


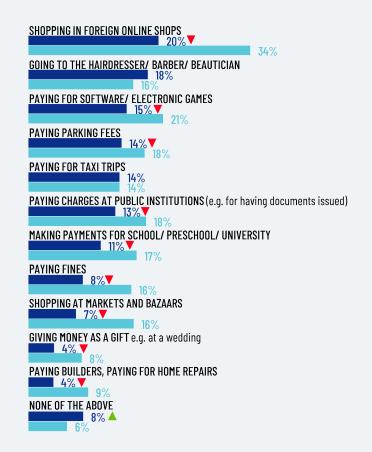


#### PRODUCTS AND SERVICES FOR WHICH POLES PAY USING CASH-FREE METHODS

#### WHICH OF THESE GROUPS OF PRODUCTS AND SERVICES DO YOU ALWAYS OR ALMOST ALWAYS PAY FOR USING CASH-FREE METHODS

(card, phone, smartwatch or other device, virtual wallet etc.):









#### IMAGE OF PLACES OFFERING ELECTRONIC PAYMENTS

POLES PERCEIVE A PLACE WHERE ELECTRONIC PAYMENTS ARE AVAILABLE AS MODERN

... I FEEL THIS BUSINESS IS CUSTOMER-CENTRIC

Offering electronic payment methods has a definitely positive effect on the perception of a place of purchase among Poles, as well as among residents of other countries.

8 out of 10 Poles perceive a place where electronic payments are available as modern. This is a similar percentage to other countries, although in Poland there is a slightly lower number of people who definitely agree.

76% believe that a place offering electronic payments is customer-centric and 71% that it is safer for hygienic reasons.

How much do you agree or disagree with the following statement?

IF A PLACE OFFERS THE POSSIBILITY OF ELECTRONIC PAYMENTS (CARD, PHONE OR OTHER DEVICES PAYMENTS, VIRTUAL WALLETS ETC.) ...

#### ... I PERCEIVE IT AS MODERN 41% **T** 39% ▲ 5% **v** 6% POLAND OTHER COUNTRIES ... I FEEL SAFER THERE (it is more hygienic than other payment methods) 38% 10% 7% 33% 11% 🛕 36%



33%	43% ▲	12%	19/2	5%
35%	39%	9%	11%	6%

I DEFINITELY AGREE I RATHER AGREE I DON'T KNOW/HARD TO SAY I RATHER DISAGREE I DEFINITELY DISAGREE





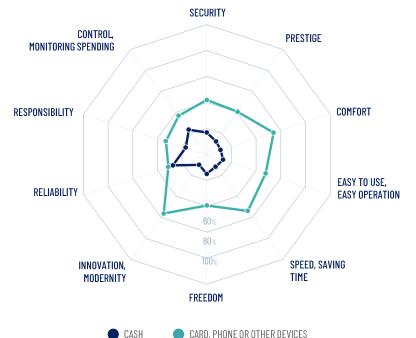


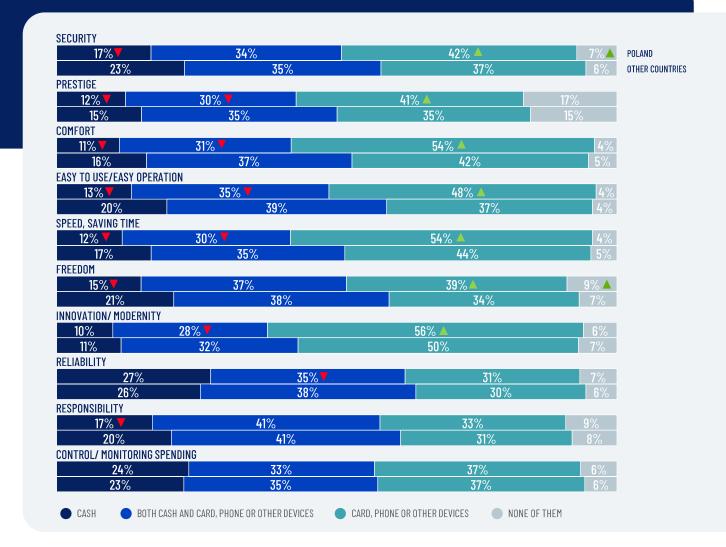
#### IMAGE (ASSOCIATIONS) OF CASH AND ELECTRONIC PAYMENTS

Electronic payments by card, telephone or other devices have a much clearer image in Poland than cash. The most important features that distinguish electronic payment methods are innovation, time saving and comfort. The scores for these perceptions of electronic payments are significantly higher than in other countries, as well as for ease of use, security, prestige and freedom. Cash, as in other countries, is most strongly associated with reliability and spending control.

#### WE ARE ABOUT TO SHOW YOU SOME DESCRIPTIONS, SAY WHICH OF THEM FIT CASH PAYMENTS BETTER AND WHICH FIT ELECTRONIC PAYMENTS BETTER

(card, phone or other devices, virtual wallet etc.)





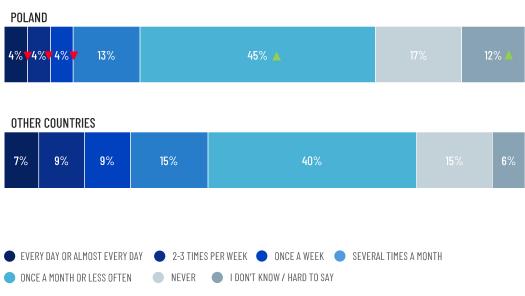






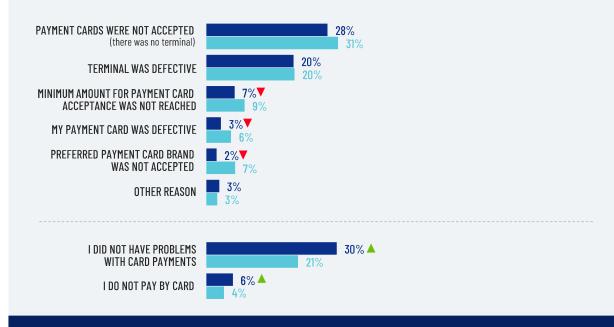
#### NO POSSIBILITY TO PAY BY CARD HOW OFTEN, WHAT REASONS

HOW OFTEN DO YOU FIND YOURSELF IN SITUATIONS WHERE YOU WANT TO PAY BY CARD (e.g. plastic payment card, payment card connected to phone) BUT CAN'T?





#### RECALL THE LAST SITUATION WHEN YOU WANTED TO PAY BY CARD BUT COULDN'T. WHAT WAS THE REASON WHY YOU COULDN'T PAY BY CARD?



Poles find it much less likely than residents of other countries that they want to but cannot pay by card. Only 12% of them encounter it at least once a week, compared to 25% in other countries.

Almost 3 out of 10 Poles have no problems with card payments. If they have such difficulties, it is because cards have not been accepted or the terminal is broken – two most important reasons, as in other countries.



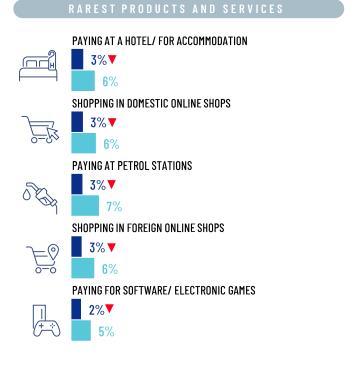


### NO POSSIBILITY TO PAY BY CARD IN WHICH SITUATIONS

### IN WHICH SITUATIONS DO YOU REGULARLY FIND THE OPTION TO PAY BY CARD UNAVAILABLE?

## SHOPPING AT MARKETS AND BAZAARS GOING TO THE HAIRDRESSER/ BARBER/ BEAUTICIAN **17**%▼ **31**% GOING TO THE DOCTOR/DENTIST/PHYSIOTERAPIST 14%▼ GIVING MONEY AS A GIFT E.G. AT A WEDDING 14%▼ 29% PAYING BUILDERS, PAYING FOR HOME REPAIRS 13%▼ 25%







In Poland, a situation when card payment is unavailable occurs much less frequently than in other countries.

Most often, Poles cannot pay by card at markets and bazaars – this result is similar to other countries. In addition, it sometimes happens that a card option is not available when paying a hairdresser, beautician, builder or when giving money as a gift.

The least frequent problems with card payments appear when shopping online in foreign and domestic stores, when buying software or games, at petrol stations and in hotels.



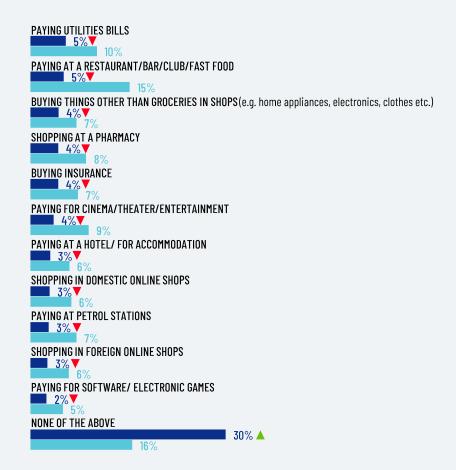




### NO POSSIBILITY TO PAY BY CARD IN WHICH SITUATIONS

### IN WHICH SITUATIONS DO YOU REGULARLY FIND THE OPTION TO PAY BY CARD UNAVAILABLE?

















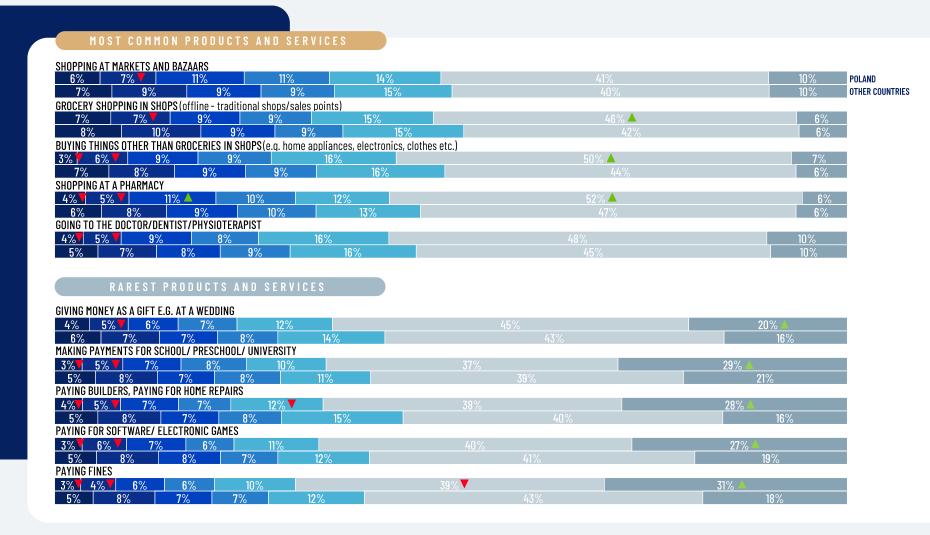
### NO POSSIBILITY OF PAYMENT DUE TO LACK OF CASH AND NO POSSIBILITY OF CASH-FREE PAYMENT

Poles are less likely to resign from purchasing products or using a service because they do not have enough cash on them – this is not a problem in Poland. And if they do it, it is mainly in the industries they use most often: grocery shopping, other shopping, shopping at a pharmacy, visiting a doctor – the more often they use them, the more often such a situation may occur.

It is different in case of markets and bazaars. There, similar to other countries, card payments are not so commonly available. That's why sometimes they have to give up shopping there, if they don't have enough cash on them.

# 24%

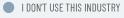
OF POLES RESIGN FROM SHOPPING AT MARKETS AND BAZAARS DUE TO LACK OF CASH AT LEAST 2-3 TIMES PER MONTH













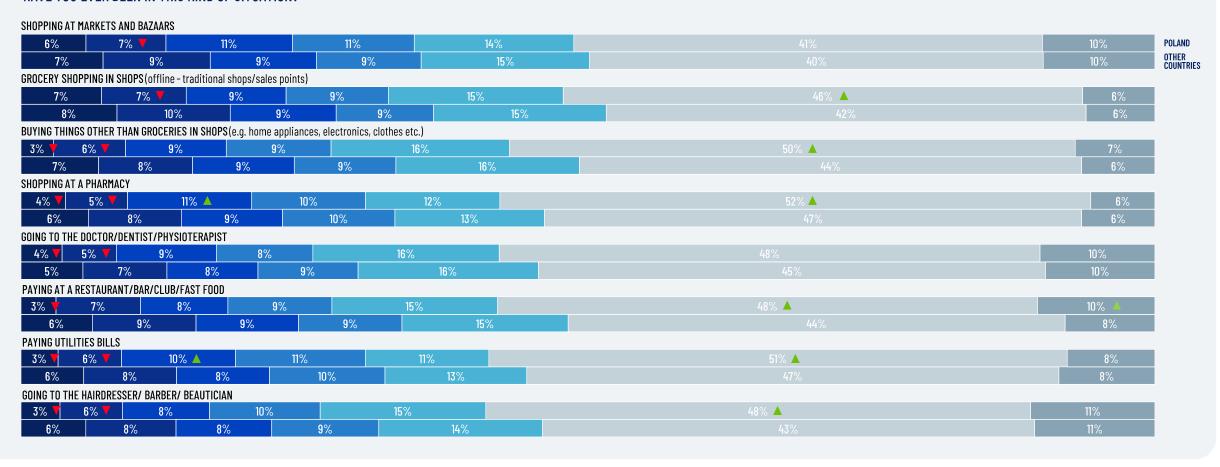






## NO POSSIBILITY OF PAYMENT DUE TO LACK OF CASH AND NO POSSIBILITY OF CASH-FREE PAYMENT(1/3)

SOMETIMES PEOPLE CANNOT BUY ALL OF THE PRODUCTS OR SERVICES THEY WOULD LIKE TO PURCHASE BECAUSE THEY DO NOT HAVE ENOUGH CASH ON HAND. HAVE YOU EVER BEEN IN THIS KIND OF SITUATION?





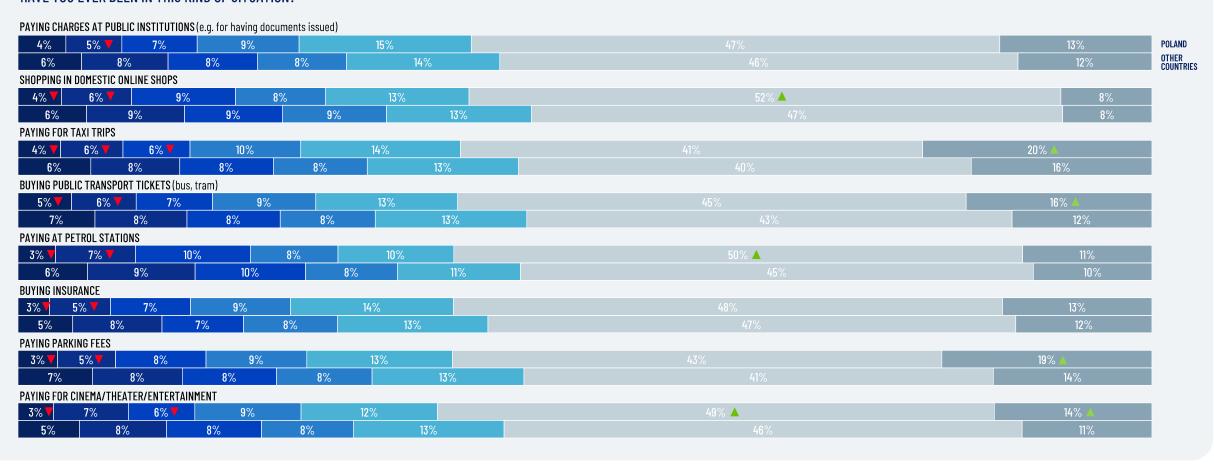






### NO POSSIBILITY OF PAYMENT DUE TO LACK OF CASH AND NO POSSIBILITY OF CASH-FREE PAYMENT(2/3)

SOMETIMES PEOPLE CANNOT BUY ALL OF THE PRODUCTS OR SERVICES THEY WOULD LIKE TO PURCHASE BECAUSE THEY DO NOT HAVE ENOUGH CASH ON HAND. HAVE YOU EVER BEEN IN THIS KIND OF SITUATION?



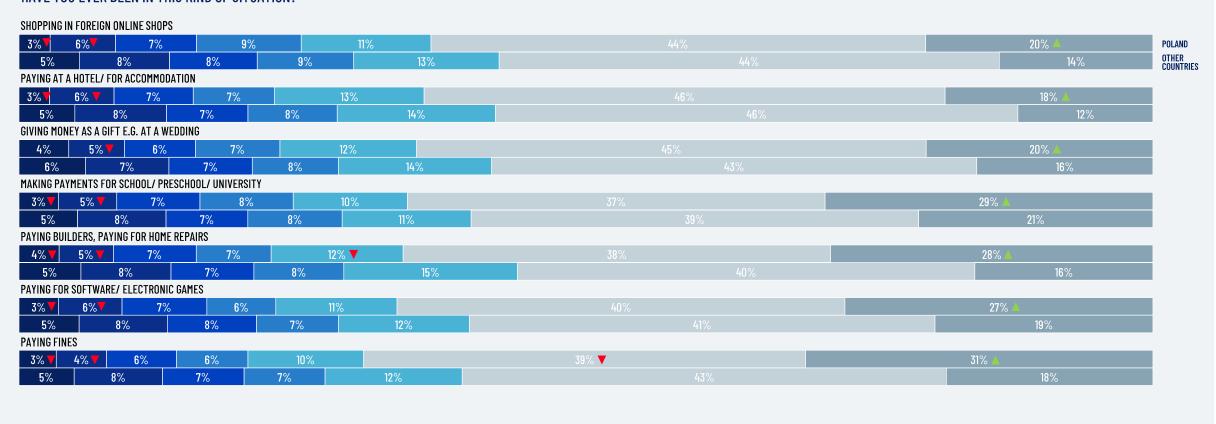






### NO POSSIBILITY OF PAYMENT DUE TO LACK OF CASH AND NO POSSIBILITY OF CASH-FREE PAYMENT(3/3)

SOMETIMES PEOPLE CANNOT BUY ALL OF THE PRODUCTS OR SERVICES THEY WOULD LIKE TO PURCHASE BECAUSE THEY DO NOT HAVE ENOUGH CASH ON HAND. HAVE YOU EVER BEEN IN THIS KIND OF SITUATION?













# .07

# PAYMENTS WHILE TRAVELLING



### PAYMENTS ABROAD

When travelling, Poles choose both cash (63%) and electronic payments (56%).

When they pay by card abroad, in comparison to other nations they prefer to pay in the local currency, but still 46% choose their country's currency. Opinions on charging the account when withdrawing cash from an ATM are divided, as in other countries with a slight predominance of own currency (52%).

### WHEN SHOPPING OFFLINE (traditional shop/sales point) ABROAD (food, drinks, tickets etc.), WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING FORMS OF PAYMENT DO YOU USE?



CASH









**ELECTRONIC PAYMENTS** card, phone or other devices, virtual wallet etc.

OTHER FORMS OF PAYMENT

**59**%

0%

61%

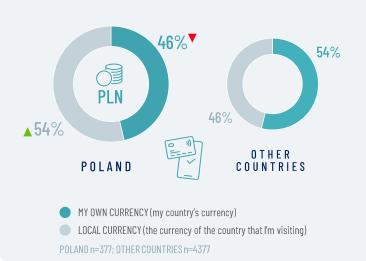


### POLAND n=674; OTHER COUNTRIES n=7164



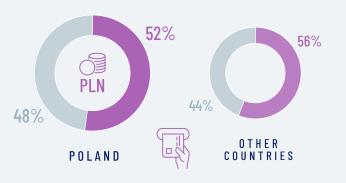


### WHILE ABROAD, IN WHAT CURRENCY WOULD YOU LIKE TO PAY WITH BY CARD, PHONE OR ANY OTHER DEVICES?



### WHILE YOU ARE ABROAD AND NEED TO WITHDRAW CASH FROM AN ATM, IN WHICH CURRENCY WOULD YOU PREFER YOUR ACCOUNT WAS CHARGED

(the account connected to the payment card used for a withdrawal)?



MY OWN CURRENCY (my country's currency)

LOCAL CURRENCY (the currency of the country that I'm visiting)

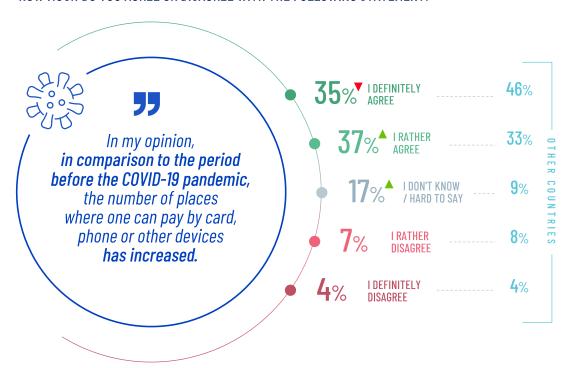
POLAND n=674; OTHER COUNTRIES n=7164





### ELECTRONIC PAYMENTS AND COVID-19 PANDEMIC

### HOW MUCH DO YOU AGREE OR DISAGREE WITH THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT:



According to 72% of Poles, it is true that after the COVID-19 pandemic, there are more places where you can pay by card, with a telephone or other devices.



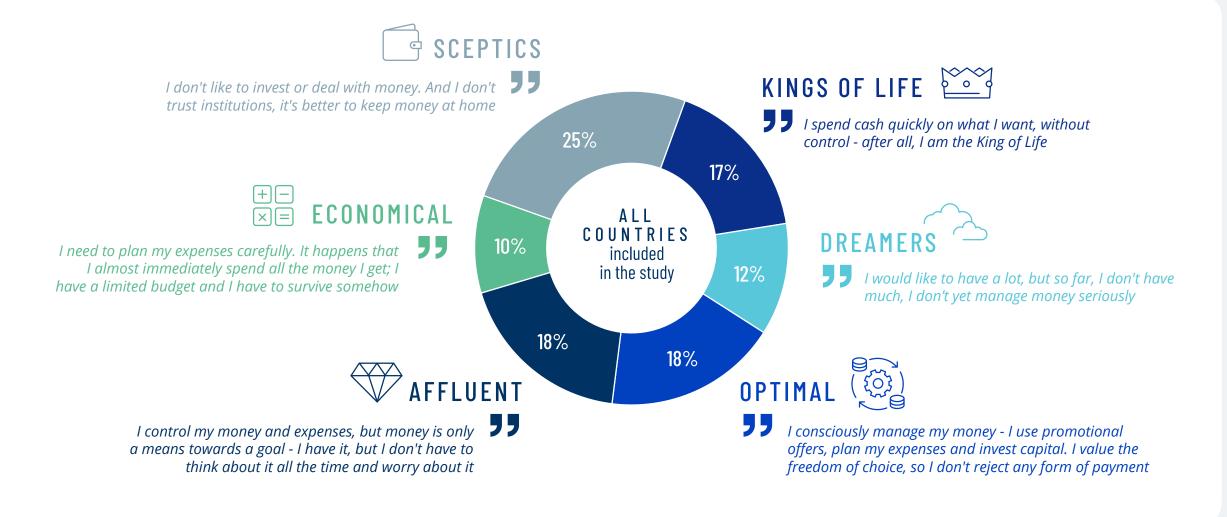




SEGMENTATION



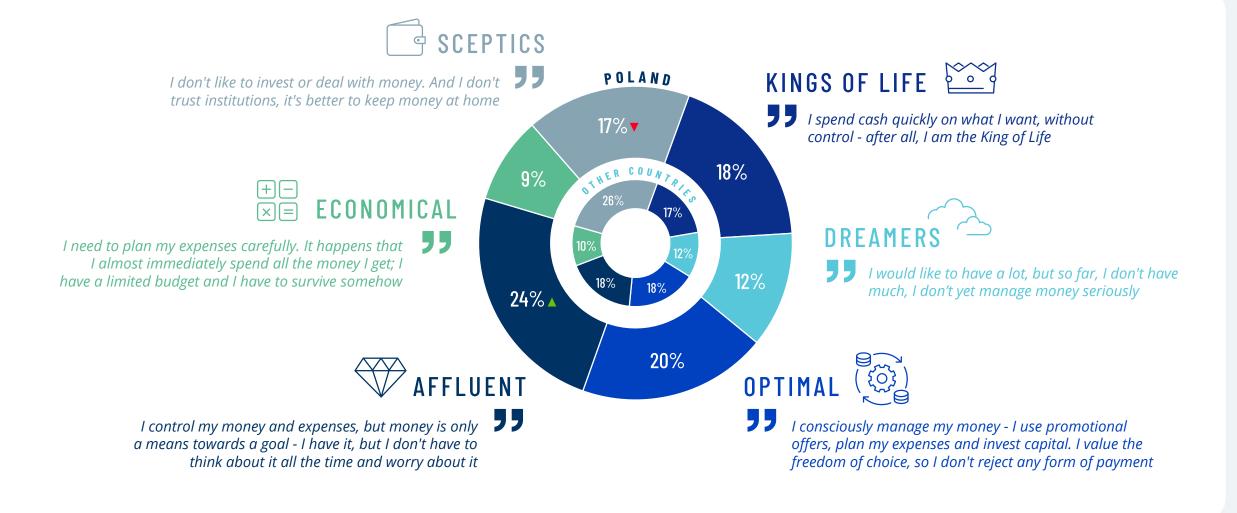
### SEGMENTATION







### SEGMENTATION





### SEGMENTATION - KINGS OF LIFE



### KINGS OF LIFE

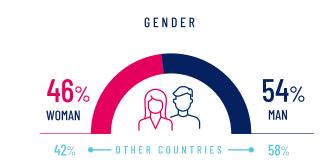
I spend cash quickly on what I want, without control - after all, I am the king of life

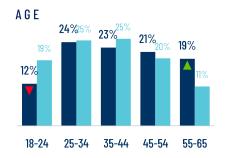
vs. 17% OTHER COUNTRIES

### IMAGE (ASSOCIATIONS) ATTITUDES



- This is the segment that **spends money the** fastest
- They like to talk about money counting money makes them happy
- Of all the segments **they know how much** money they have in their accounts to the smallest degree







## OF CASH AND electronic payments



### HOW DO YOU ASSESS THE FINANCIAL SITUATION OF YOUR HOUSEHOLD?

	<b>7</b> %	WE ARE VERY POOR we don't have enough even for basic needs	8%
_	26%	WE ARE MODEST we have to seriously economize on a daily basis	27%
OLAN	50%	WE LIVE ON A MEDIUM LEVEL we have enough for everyday needs but have to save for bigger purchases	46%
- B	14%	WE LIVE ON A GOOD LEVEL we can afford a lot without really saving	15%
	3%	WE LIVE ON A VERY GOOD LEVEL we can afford a certain level of luxury	5%

### HOW DO YOU PICTURE YOUR HOUSEHOLD'S FINANCIAL SITUATION IN THE NEXT 12 MONTHS?















### SEGMENTATION - DREAMERS



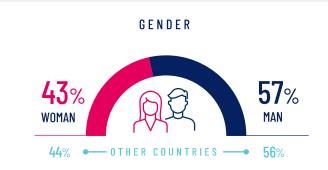
### DREAMERS

I would like to have a lot, but so far, I don't have much, I don't yet manage money seriously

vs. 12% OTHER COUNTRIES

### IMAGE (ASSOCIATIONS) OF CASH AND electronic payments

- It is rather unlikely that they save money - even if they have enough of it
- They like to deal with money dealing with money gives them pleasure
- It is rather unlikely that they accumulate knowledge in the field of personal finance, but they are convinced that one should use banking services
- They are reluctant to invest money
- They know well how much money they



SECURITY

FREEDOM

CARD, PHONE OR OTHER DEVICES

**PRESTIGE** 

SPEED.

SAVING TIME

COMFORT

EASY TO USE.

EASY OPERATION

# AGE 25% 25-34 35-44



### HOW DO YOU ASSESS THE FINANCIAL SITUATION OF YOUR HOUSEHOLD?

WE ARE VERY POOR we don't have enough even for basic needs	4%
WE ARE MODEST we have to seriously economize on a daily basis	19%
WE LIVE ON A MEDIUM LEVEL we have enough for everyday needs but have to save for bigger purchases	56%
WE LIVE ON A GOOD LEVEL we can afford a lot without really saving	18%
WE LIVE ON A VERY GOOD LEVEL we can afford a certain level of luxury	3%
	we don't have enough even for basic needs  WE ARE MODEST we have to seriously economize on a daily basis  WE LIVE ON A MEDIUM LEVEL we have enough for everyday needs but have to save for bigger purchases  WE LIVE ON A GOOD LEVEL we can afford a lot without really saving  WE LIVE ON A VERY GOOD LEVEL

### HOW DO YOU PICTURE YOUR HOUSEHOLD'S FINANCIAL SITUATION IN THE NEXT 12 MONTHS?



### ATTITUDES

- have in their accounts







INNOVATION,

**MODERNITY** 

CONTROL

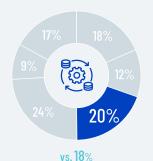
MONITORING SPENDING

RESPONSIBILITY

RELIABILITY



### SEGMENTATION - OPTIMAL

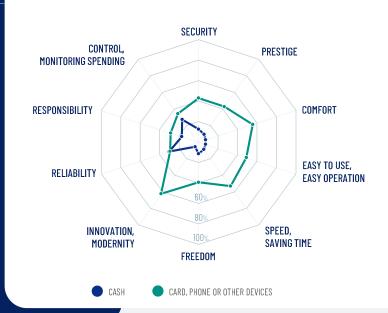


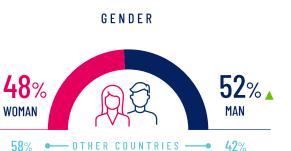
OTHER COUNTRIES

### OPTIMAL

I consciously manage my money - I use promotional offers, plan my expenses and invest capital. I value the freedom of choice, so I don't reject any form of payment

### IMAGE (ASSOCIATIONS) OF CASH AND electronic payments





# AGE

35-44

25-34



### HOW DO YOU ASSESS THE FINANCIAL SITUATION OF YOUR HOUSEHOLD?

45-54 55-65

	<b>2</b> %	WE ARE VERY POOR we don't have enough even for basic needs	2%	
_	19%	WE ARE MODEST we have to seriously economize on a daily basis	17%	HE R
OLAN	60%	WE LIVE ON A MEDIUM LEVEL we have enough for everyday needs but have to save for bigger purchases	62%	n 0 0
P (	18%	WE LIVE ON A GOOD LEVEL we can afford a lot without really saving	16%	N R
	1%	WE LIVE ON A VERY GOOD LEVEL we can afford a certain level of luxury	2%	ES

### HOW DO YOU PICTURE YOUR HOUSEHOLD'S FINANCIAL SITUATION IN THE NEXT 12 MONTHS?



### ATTITUDES

- Money is important to them they like to think about it, talk about it, deal with it; dealing with it gives them the greatest **pleasure** compared to other segments
- They save money, make financial plans they don't spend their money immediately
- They know perfectly well **how much money** they have in their accounts; they remember well how much money they have in their wallets









### SEGMENTATION - AFFLUENT



OTHER COUNTRIES

### **AFFLUENT**

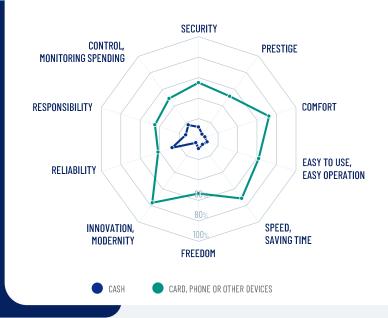
I control my money and expenses, but money is only a means towards a goal - I have it, but I don't have to think about it all the time and worry about it

### ATTITUDES

- Money is important to them, but they don't like to think about it, talk about it, deal with it - dealing with money gives them the least pleasure
- They control their expenses well **they** know very well how much cash they have in their wallets and how much money they have in their accounts



### IMAGE (ASSOCIATIONS) OF CASH AND electronic payments



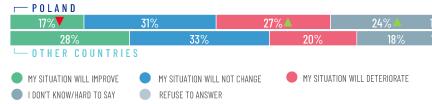




### HOW DO YOU ASSESS THE FINANCIAL SITUATION OF YOUR HOUSEHOLD?

1	%	WE ARE VERY POOR we don't have enough even for basic needs	<b>2</b> %
<u> </u>	5%	WE ARE MODEST we have to seriously economize on a daily basis	15%
≥ 59 50	9%	WE LIVE ON A MEDIUM LEVEL we have enough for everyday needs but have to save for bigger purchases	64%
_	<b>2</b> %	WE LIVE ON A GOOD LEVEL we can afford a lot without really saving	17%
3	<b>5</b> %	WE LIVE ON A VERY GOOD LEVEL we can afford a certain level of luxury	2%

### HOW DO YOU PICTURE YOUR HOUSEHOLD'S FINANCIAL SITUATION IN THE NEXT 12 MONTHS?













### SEGMENTATION - ECONOMICAL



OTHER COUNTRIES

ATTITUDES

money

financial plans

### ECONOMICAL

I need to plan my expenses carefully. It happens that I almost immediately spend all the money I get; I have a limited budget and I have to survive somehow.



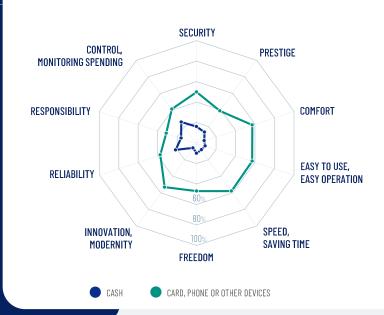
52% • OTHER COUNTRIES •

GENDER

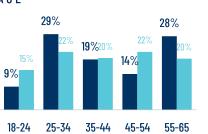
**37**%

63%

WOMAN



### AGE 29%



### PREFERRED METHOD OF PAYMENT

while shopping offline

CASH

**CASHLESS** 

**15% 7%** I DON'T KNOW/ HARD TO SAY

### HOW DO YOU ASSESS THE FINANCIAL SITUATION OF YOUR HOUSEHOLD?

	2%	WE ARE VERY POOR we don't have enough even for basic needs	5%
_	23%	WE ARE MODEST we have to seriously economize on a daily basis	26%
OLAN	61%	WE LIVE ON A MEDIUM LEVEL we have enough for everyday needs but have to save for bigger purchases	54%
_	13%	WE LIVE ON A GOOD LEVEL we can afford a lot without really saving	12%
	1%	WE LIVE ON A VERY GOOD LEVEL we can afford a certain level of luxury	3%

### HOW DO YOU PICTURE YOUR HOUSEHOLD'S FINANCIAL SITUATION IN THE NEXT 12 MONTHS?





• It is rather unlikely that they think about

money, they don't like to deal with it -

• In comparison with other segments, **money** 

is the least important to them

• It is rather unlikely that they make

dealing with money doesn't give them pleasure, they don't like talking about







### SEGMENTATION - SCEPTICS



### SCEPTICS

I don't like to invest or deal with money. And I don't trust institutions, it's better to keep money at home

vs. 26% OTHER COUNTRIES

### ATTITUDES

- Spending money does not give them much pleasure - they try not to spend money quickly
- It is rather unlikely that they create financial plans - the money does not serve to develop their interests, nor do they put aside money for unexpected expenses
- They are not convinced that it's worth using banking services



### IMAGE (ASSOCIATIONS) OF CASH AND electronic payments



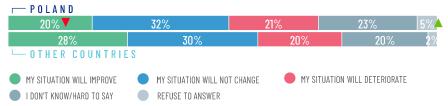
## AGE **30**% 25-34 35-44 45-54 55-65



### HOW DO YOU ASSESS THE FINANCIAL SITUATION OF YOUR HOUSEHOLD?

6%	WE ARE VERY POOR we don't have enough even for basic needs	5%
24%	WE ARE MODEST we have to seriously economize on a daily basis	26%
57%	WE LIVE ON A MEDIUM LEVEL we have enough for everyday needs but have to save for bigger purchases	55%
11%	WE LIVE ON A GOOD LEVEL we can afford a lot without really saving	13%
2%	WE LIVE ON A VERY GOOD LEVEL we can afford a certain level of luxury	2%

### HOW DO YOU PICTURE YOUR HOUSEHOLD'S FINANCIAL SITUATION IN THE NEXT 12 MONTHS?











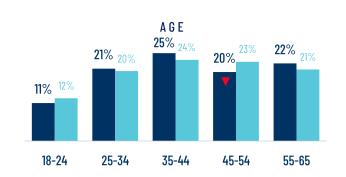
# .09

# ABOUT RESPONDENTS



### ABOUT RESPONDENTS





### LEVEL OF EDUCATION





40%

**35**%

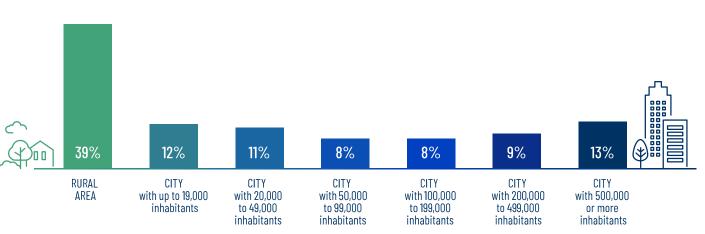
**25**%

PRIMARY / VOCATIONAL

SECONDARY

HIGHER

### THE SIZE OF THE TOWN WHERE YOU LIVE AND IN WHICH REGION DO YOU LIVE?













### ABOUT **RESPONDENTS**

### YOUR CURRENT WORK SITUATION



A REGULAR JOB





I HAVE MY OWN BUSINESS



I DO ODD JOBS



LAM UNEMPLOYED



I AM RETIRED / A PENSIONER



LAM A STUDENT



I DON'T WORK / I TAKE CARE OF THE HOME



I AM ON PARENTAL LEAVE

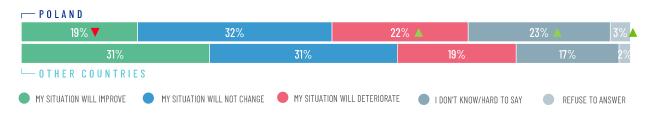


I DON'T WORK, FOR OTHER REASONS

### HOW DO YOU ASSESS THE FINANCIAL SITUATION OF YOUR HOUSEHOLD?



### HOW DO YOU PICTURE YOUR HOUSEHOLD'S FINANCIAL SITUATION IN THE NEXT 12 MONTHS?



### WHAT IS THE TOTAL MONTHLY NET INCOME OF ALL THE PEOPLE LIVING IN YOUR HOUSEHOLD, FROM ALL SOURCES

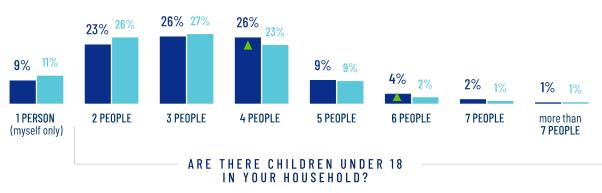


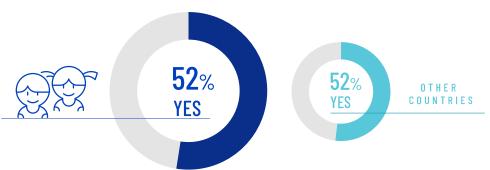


### ABOUT RESPONDENTS

### HOW MANY PEOPLE LIVE IN YOUR HOUSEHOLD?

include all the people who subsist on your household's income, including children.













# .THANK YOU \_\_\_\_





